

## THE GULF COAST BREEZE.

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A Kansas man has named his baby girl Philippina Manila Schleyette Dewetta Grimes.

The inventive facilities of the American girl seem practically unlimited. The Atchison (Kan.) Globe says: "By tying sandpaper about her ankles an Atchison girl produces the same effect as by buying an expensive silk skirt. The pieces of sandpaper rub together and sound just like a \$12 skirt." Pretty rough on the dressmakers, though.

The Siberian railroad is offering great inducements to travelers. It provides not merely parlor and sleeping cars, but one fitted with a gymnasium and Russian baths, a dark room for photographers and a stationary bicycle, on which one may make century runs without leaving the train. It is not supposed that political exiles will travel in such cars. But then their number is growing less and that of free travelers in that land of vast expanses and vast possibilities is growing rapidly larger.

The details of the journey of the Monterey and the collier Brutus, now safely at Manila, will unquestionably prove of great interest to American and European shipbuilders. While the Monterey took her time to get to Manila, that she got there is a triumph for the American navy, as she is not intended either for service or a journey on the high seas. Leaving San Diego on June 11, the Monterey arrived at Honolulu June 24, and left for Manila June 30. Arriving there August 4, she thus took just about five weeks to cover the 5000 and more nautical miles from Hawaii.

Many of the United States senators from Southern states come from small towns, the policy in many parts of the South being to recognize country rather than city statesmen. Neither of the representatives of Texas is from Galveston; neither of the representatives from Georgia is from Atlanta; neither of the senators from North Carolina is from Raleigh; neither of the senators from South Carolina is from Charleston; neither of the senators from Kentucky is from Louisville; neither of the senators from West Virginia is from Wheeling, and neither of the senators from Missouri is from St. Louis. Some of the towns represented are Marietta, Ga.; Bennettsville, S. C.; Tyler, Tex.; Scottsville, Va.; Marshall, N. C., and Marion, Ky. Tennessee is the only Southern state whose two senators represent the two chief cities.

As pretty an illustration as we have yet seen of the new spirit which marks the interchange of comment between England and America appears in the last Spectator to arrive by mail, says the New York Times. Discussing the statement of the English captain at Manila, when asked by the German admiral what he would do in case the Germans interfered with the bombardment of the city—the statement being that only the English captain and American admiral had or could get any information on that delicate topic—The Spectator says: "There is something very naive in the German admiral imagining that we should allow him to bully Admiral Dewey—though, as far as that goes, there is no reason to think that the American sailors would want any one's help if it came to fighting the Germans." The first part of this sentence is entirely friendly, and only a few months ago the possibility that it might be a little irritating to American nerves would not have worried the Spectator a bit. But now an afterthought comes, and it gets instant expression. The words as they stand are not exactly a lesson in tact, to be sure, but aren't they delightful. They make the Atlantic ocean seem narrow indeed.

## CHINESE EMPEROR KILLED.

WAS FIRST REPORTED AS HAVING SUICIDED.

DEATH DUE TO ASSASSINATION.

Torture Was Most Frightful—Member of British Legation Mobbed and American Missionaries Stoned.

A special dispatch from Shanghai, published at London Saturday, says telegrams furnished by the Taotai, or local governor, to a Chinese paper there, allege that the emperor of China committed suicide on September 21, after signing the decrees which placed the dowager empress at the head of affairs in China. This, it is added, is understood to mean that the emperor was assassinated.

All the English-speaking secretaries and the principal members of the Chinese foreign office, it is further announced, have been banished.

A later dispatch announces that the death of the emperor is confirmed. The reports as to the means employed as to his taking off differ. One story has it that he died by poison, and another that death was caused by strangulation, while a third states that he was subjected to frightful torture, a red hot iron being thrust through his bowels.

The foreign office at London received a dispatch Saturday from her majesty's minister at Peking saying that Mr. Mortimer, a member of the British legation, on returning home with a lady, was insulted and attacked by a mob, which stoned him and covered him with mud.

Later in the day, the dispatch adds, some American missionaries were similarly attacked, as was the Chinese secretary of the United States legation. The latter's ribs were broken. Sir Claude McDonald, the British minister at Peking, reports that there is a dangerous feeling abroad.

Steps have been taken to call the attention of the Chinese government to these outrages.

### YELLOW FEVER SPREADS.

President Souchon, of Louisiana Board of Health, Makes Report.

Dr. Souchon, of the Louisiana state board of health, reports as follows: New Orleans—Five cases, one death.

Harveys Canal—Three cases, three deaths.

Baton Rouge—Two cases, no deaths.

Franklin—Nine cases, no deaths.

Wilson—Nine cases, one death.

One case has been reported in St. James parish.

Recapitulation to October 1st: New Orleans—Thirty-three cases, six deaths.

Harveys Canal—Fourteen cases, three deaths.

Wilson—Fifty cases, one death.

Franklin—One hundred and seventy-two cases, five deaths.

Baton Rouge—Three cases, no deaths.

Houma—Two cases, no deaths.

Clinton—Two cases, no deaths.

Plaquemine—One case, no death.

DeLigny—One case, no death.

The board of health is daily apprised of all sorts of rumors concerning the health of the city. Several rumors were run down and denied, and as for the rest, the official report is the answer.

### AGUINALDO SPEAKS.

The Philippine Insurgent's Remarks Cause Comment.

There is considerable comment in Manila upon Aguinaldo's speech at Malolos a few days ago. The keynote was the independence of the Philippine islands. During the course of his remarks Aguinaldo said:

"Our friends, the Americans, came for the purpose of demonstrating the generosity and grandeur of their government, and to assist in releasing the people from slavery without annexing the islands, thus setting a good example. We now understand and appreciate the famous Monroe doctrine of 'America for Americans,' and justice demands that they add, 'the Philippines for the Filipinos.'"

### MRS. BAGLEY IN WASHINGTON.

Mother of Ensign Killed on the Winslow Visits McKinley.

Saturday, Secretary Long called on the president with Mrs. Bagley, of North Carolina, mother of Ensign Bagley, whose tragic death in action on the torpedo boat Winslow occurred early in the war.

President McKinley, soon after the Winslow incident, wrote the mother of the ensign a strong letter of sympathy and stated that he had asked for legislation authorizing the appointment of another son as a naval cadet.

Mrs. Bagley thanked the president very heartily for his expressions of interest in her behalf.

## FOUR MEN ASSASSINATED.

Outrageous and Cold-Blooded Murder Occurs At An Auction In Tennessee.

A special received from Nashville, Tenn., states that on Saturday Rev. A. C. Webb, Baptist minister; Jeff Higgins and James Vinson, well known citizens, were victims of a cold-blooded assassination on the place of James Hollingsworth, near Liberty, DeKalb county.

The men were attending an auction sale on the farm and were swept down by a cross-fire from a cave on one side and a barn on the other.

James Hollingsworth and confederates are believed to be the assassins.

About a year ago Hollingsworth killed Jim Higgins and left home. Higgins' wife sued for damages and got judgment by default. The auction sale was to satisfy the judgment.

Jeff Higgins was a brother of Hollingsworth's victim and Rev. A. C. Webb was his father-in-law. It is thought Vinson's death was not intended. The assassins escaped without detection.

A later dispatch states that four men are dead and a fifth dying as the result of Saturday's shooting.

When the party of men went to Hollingsworth's home to sell his property to satisfy a judgment against him his wife was very abusive, but no attention was paid to her, and all entered the barn where the sale was conducted. The auction had just commenced, when suddenly some one stuck a double-barrel shotgun in the door and turned loose both barrels, charged with buckshot.

The fourth victim is an unknown man. Vincent, the fifth man, is dying. Nine buckshot were taken from one of the bodies.

The sheriff of Cannon county and a large posse is looking for the assassins.

Lynching is certain if the guilty ones are caught.

A special to the Nashville American from Murfreesboro says a telephone message has been received from Woodbury, Cannon county, stating that the Cannon county murderer and assassin, James Hollingsworth, has been severely wounded. A crowd of sixty men have him located and expect to capture him together with his accomplices.

### MR. BAYARD'S FUNERAL.

Laid to Rest in Family Burial Ground at Wilmington, Del.

Funeral services over the late Hon. Thomas F. Bayard were held in the old Swedish church at Wilmington, Del., Saturday. Thousands of people assembled at the edifice, but were not admitted, as it had been decided not to open the casket and permit the public to view the remains.

The honorary pallbearers were: Former President Grover Cleveland, Former Secretary of the Treasury Charles S. Fairchild, E. W. Tunnel, governor of Delaware; John L. Rives, of New York city; John V. Craven and Thomas Craven, of Salem, N. J.; Judge Ignatius G. Grubbe, Dr. James A. Draper, Henry G. Banning, of Wilmington, and Chancellor John R. Nicholson. The services comprised simply the prayer book service for the burial of the dead of the Protestant Episcopal church.

When the service ended the coffin was taken to the Bayard burial place in the graveyard adjoining the church. A great crowd had assembled waiting to see this the only public feature of the funeral. Slowly and solemnly the body was lowered into the vault, where lie the remains of Mr. Bayard's father and mother and three of her children.

### CAMPS FOR THE SOUTH.

Sites Selected For Winter Quarters in Various Southern States.

A Washington special says: While no official information on the subject is forthcoming, it is said the selection of sites for camps in the south has been practically determined.

It is understood they will be located at Augusta and Athens, Ga., and Columbia, Greenville and Spartanburg, S. C. Americus, Ga., may also be selected.

The main camp, it is said, will be at Augusta, on a site of about 600 acres, just outside the city.

Representative Fleming, ex-Senator Walsh and Col. Dyer, of Augusta, were in Washington Saturday and called upon the president, secretary of war and Adjutant General Corbin, relative to the Augusta camp.

### TO BE A TERRITORY.

Form of Government of Hawaii Has Been Decided Upon.

A San Francisco dispatch says: Senator Cullom, one of the commissioners sent to Hawaii by the United States government to examine into the condition and affairs of the island and report as to the form of government that would be most suitable, and who arrived in that city on the steamer Gaelic, says that the commission has concluded its labors and as a result of their observations they will recommend a territorial form of government, different from that of the territories in the United States, modified to suit the conditions of Hawaii. They will give particular attention to the changes necessary in the land, labor and navigation laws.

## ROOSEVELT GOT NOMINATION

NEW YORK REPUBLICANS HOLD CONVENTION AT SARATOGA.

WAS EASY FOR ROUGH RIDER.

The Vote Was Made Unanimous—Some Extracts From the Platform as Adopted.

The republicans of New York state held their convention at Saratoga Tuesday and nominated a full state ticket. All the leaders were up and at their headquarters early and all said that there was no change in the situation.

At noon Chairman O'Dell rapped for order and Congressman Seno E. Payne was chosen temporary chairman and escorted to the platform. He addressed the convention.

After perfecting organization, the convention, at 1:25, on motion of J. Sloat Fassett took a recess until 3:30 o'clock.

When the convention reassembled permanent organization was effected with Senator Horace White, of Syracuse, for chairman.

The report of the committee on resolutions was not ready and the convention decided to proceed with nominations. J. Ryder Cady, who nominated Governor Black, was frequently interrupted with applause, his closing remarks about Governor Black's faithfulness to the ticket calling forth the enthusiasm of the audience.

At 4:55 o'clock Chauncey M. Depew took the platform to nominate Theodore Roosevelt. For some minutes Dr. Depew could not begin his speech for the applause that ensued.

Those portions of his speech relating to President McKinley were received with much applause and there was a vigorous reception of the tribute to Governor Black. When Mr. Depew told of the famous charge of the Rough Riders and mentioned Colonel Roosevelt the audience went almost crazy.

When Mr. Depew had reached the point in his speech where he alluded to the non-effect of Mauser bullets, two or three men rushed down the aisle bearing a big portrait of Colonel Roosevelt in Rough Rider uniform. There was a three minutes' interruption, and the picture was taken to the stage and set up.

Mr. Depew finished at 5:25 amid applause that was almost a pandemonium.

After a number of secondings speeches Senator Lexow took the platform to speak for Governor Black, but the audience was impatient and cried for the vote. He spoke briefly.

Elihu Root was called to the platform by the chairman and made a statement as to the eligibility of Mr. Roosevelt to hold office. He said Mr. Roosevelt had always voted in Oyster Bay and had merely removed personal property to Washington. He had always paid taxes in Oyster Bay and had merely refused to pay taxes on property he was using in Washington, and by his affidavit he merely said that he was not a resident of New York.

### The Vote Announced.

At 7:15 p. m. Secretary of State Palmer moved a roll call, and the motion was adopted. Before it got through the New York delegation it was evident that Mr. Roosevelt had a practical walkover, and at 7:15 enough votes had been cast to nominate him.

At 7:41 the roll call was completed and the vote was announced as follows: Roosevelt, 753; Black 218.

Then the auditors and delegates rose in a great mass and cheered. Judge Cady got the floor and moved to make the nomination unanimous.

While the question was pending, Senator Krum, who had supported Governor Black, said:

"On behalf of Governor Black and his friends, I say that they will stand by Theodore Roosevelt, as he stood by the country."

The nomination was made unanimous, and at 7:46 the convention recessed until 9 o'clock.

The platform was unanimously adopted at the night session. It congratulates the country upon the conclusion of the war, saying:

"It has resulted in the complete triumph of American arms on land and sea, and we meet with resolute faith all the responsibilities which our victories impose."

It devotes a long paragraph to praise of the army and navy, and the conduct thereof by the president. The stand taken on the Philippine question follows:

"We realize that when the necessities of war compelled our nation to destroy Spanish authority in the Antilles and in the Philippines we assumed solemn duties and obligations, alike to the people of the islands we conquered and to the civilized world. We cannot turn these islands back to Spain. We cannot leave them unarmed for defense and untried in statecraft to the horrors of domestic strife or to partition among European powers."

### Prayer with a Recess.

The little boy was on his knees in his little nightdress, saying his prayers, and his little sister couldn't resist the temptation to tickle the soles of his feet. He stood it as long as he could, and then he said: "Please, God, excuse me while I knock the stuffing out of Nellie."

### Proposed Alliance with England.

If the United States and England should form an alliance, the combined strength would be so great that there would be little chance for enemies to overcome us. In a like manner, when men and women keep up their bodily strength with Housetter's Stomach Bitters, there is little chance of attacks from disease. The old time remedy enriches the blood, builds up the muscles, steadies the nerves and increases the appetite. Try it.

American apples have already, in a large measure, conquered the markets of England.

### To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

Ether drunkenness has become almost epidemic in Lithuania. 25 cents.

## Every Action

And every thought requires an expenditure of vitality which must be restored by means of the blood flowing to the brain and other organs. This blood must be pure, rich and nourishing. It is made so by Hood's Sarsaparilla which is thus the great strength-giving medicine, the cure for weak nerves, that tired feeling and all diseases caused by poor, impure blood.

### Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Medicine. 51c for 25c.

Hood's Pills cure indigestion. 25 cents.

### A Descendant of Louis XVI.

Society in Holland and Belgium has been a little interested in the recent adventures of the soldisant Prince de Bourbon, who was for some time an officer in the Dutch army. The individual in question is the grandson of the watchmaker Naundorff, who claimed to be the legitimate representative of Louis XVI., and who was acknowledged as such by King William III. of the Netherlands. The watchmaker's grandson entered the Dutch army and rose to the rank of Lieutenant, but because he had taken a dislike to his profession or for some other reason he deserted and fled to France.

There he found some persons who believed in him as the true representative of the Bourbons, and who helped him to enter business as a wine merchant. In this he was not successful, and the next news heard of him was his arrest in the streets of The Hague, where he has just been sentenced to four months' imprisonment in the fortress of Groningen.—London Globe.

### TO MRS. PINKHAM

From Mrs. Walter E. Budd, of Patobogue, New York.

Mrs. Budd, in the following letter, tells a familiar story of weakness and suffering, and thanks Mrs. Pinkham for complete relief:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I think it is my duty to write to you and tell you what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. I feel like another woman. I had such dreadful headaches through my temples and on top of my head, that I nearly went crazy; was also troubled with chills, was very weak; my left side from my shoulders to my waist pained me terribly. I could not sleep for the pain. Plasters would help for a while, but as soon as taken off, the pain would be just as bad as ever. Doctors prescribed medicine, but it gave me no relief.

"Now I feel so well and strong, have no more headaches, and no pain in side, and it is all owing to your Compound. I cannot praise it enough. It is a wonderful medicine. I recommend it to every woman I know."

## PILES

"I suffered the torture of the damned with protruding piles brought on by constipation with which I was afflicted for twenty years. I ran across your CASCARETS in the town of Newell, Ia., and never found anything to equal them. To-day I am entirely free from piles and feel like a new man."

C. H. KURTZ, 1411 Jones St., Sioux City, Ia.

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REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken, or Grip, 10c, 25c, 50c.  
... CURE CONSTIPATION ...  
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